FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

DECEMBER 31, 2014

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS' TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NATIONAL MAINTENANCE TRAINING AND SECURITY COMPANY LIMITED

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of National Maintenance Training and Security Company Limited, which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2014 and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in shareholders' equity and reserves and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and the fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects the financial position of National Maintenance Training and Security Company Limited as of December 31, 2014 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Charker Sexton + &

F.S.S. House

123 Eastern Main Road

ST. AUGUSTINE

March 27, 2015

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2014

ASSETS	Notes	2014	2013
Non-Current Assets			
FIXED ASSETS	11	31,059,785	32,114,722
Property, plant and equipment Other Non-Current Assets	-	-	
Amounts receivable from GORTT	3	167,763,366	197,209,356
Deferred taxation	14a	7,217,692	8,964,788
Bolottod taxagott	_	174,981,058	206,174,144
Total Non-Current Assets	_	206,040,843	238,288,866
Current Basets			
Current Assets Inventories	7	6,562,187	5,146,390
Trade debtors	8	236,275,441	175,436,529
Sundry receivables and prepayments	8a	9,309,127	10,889,645
Amounts receivable from GORTT	3	29,445,990	29,445,990
Investments	6	53,902,640	53,345,429
Cash on hand and at banks	9	34,253,013	35,877,101
		369,748,398	310,141,084
Total Assets	_	575,789,241	548,429,950
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Capital and Reserves			
Stated capital	12	3,000,000	3,000,000
Revaluation reserve	13	19,777,867	19,777,867
Retained earnings		52,796,638	48,211,233
		75,574,505	70,989,100
Non-Current Liabilities			
Pensions	4	5,828,000	6,314,000
Provision for retirement lump sum benefits	5	151,540,000	144,288,000
Provision for vacation leave		34,461,728	24,319,254
Deferred taxation	14b	1,056,459	987,489
Amount due to bond holders	3	167,763,366	197,209,356
~		360,649,553	373,118,099
Current Liabilities		15 144 005	16,156,784
Trade creditors	40	15,144,035	58,719,977
Other creditors and accruals	10	94,975,158	29,445,990
Amounts due to bond holders	3	29,445,990 139,565,183	104,322,751
		100,000,100	107,022,101
Total Equity and Liabilities		575,789,241	548,429,950

The notes on pages 7 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements.

On March 26, 2015 the Board of Directors of National Maintenance Training and Security Company Limited authorised these financial statements for issue.

Director

Moder

Director

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Notes	2014	2013
Revenue			
Income from operations MTS Plaza rents Disposal of fixed assets	16	453,534,470 1,938,488 410,638 455,883,596	413,174,085 1,938,741 480,045 415,592,871
Less: Expenses			
Salaries and staff expenses Operating expenses Supplies and materials Directors' fees and allowances	17 18 19	389,352,956 27,867,335 29,345,935 562,500 447,128,726	347,119,912 22,453,022 29,172,083 549,000 399,294,017
Profit for the year before interest and depreci	ation	8,754,870	16,298,854
Finance charges	20	374,192	296,575
Depreciation	11	2,359,883	2,266,272
Profit for the year before taxation		6,020,795	13,736,007
Less: Taxation	21	1,435,390	1,433,895
Profit for the year after taxation		4,585,405	12,302,112

The notes on pages 7 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Stated Capital	Revaluation Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Year ended December 31, 2014				
Balance as at January 1, 2014	3,000,000	19,777,867	48,211,233	70,989,100
Total comprehensive income for the year	_		4,585,405	4,585,405
Balance as at December 31, 2014	3,000,000	19,777,867	52,796,638	75,574,505
			-	
Year ended December 31, 2013				
Balance as at January 1, 2013	3,000,000	19,777,867	77,757,119	100,534,986
Prior year adjustment pensions (Note 4)	-		(13,666,000)	(13,666,000)
Prior year adjustment termination benefits (Note 5)	-		(37,146,786)	(37,146,786)
Prior year adjustment for deferred taxation (Note 14a)		-	8,964,788	8,964,788
Total comprehensive income for the year	-		12,302,112	12,302,112
Balance as at December 31, 2013	3,000,000	19,777,867	48,211,233	70,989,100

The notes on pages 7 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	2014	2013
Net profit before taxation	6,020,795	13,736,007
Depreciation	2,359,883	2,266,272
Prior year adjustment	_	(50,812,786)
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	(410,638)	(480,045)
Operating profit before working capital changes	7,970,040	(35,290,552)
Changes in Working Capital		
Increase in severance and pensions	6,766,000	49,594,000
(Decrease)/increase in provision for vacation leave	10,142,474	(6,675,349)
Increase in receivables and prepayments	(57,661,248)	(28,368,628)
Increase in inventories	(1,415,797)	(591,612)
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables	(1,012,749)	(2,243,944)
Decrease in other creditors and accruals	36,255,181	(19,326,363)
Cash used in operations	1,043,901	(42,902,448)
Taxation paid	(1,224,214)	(6,265,881)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(180,313)	(49, 168, 329)
Cash flows from Investing Activities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(1,393,564)	(2,204,677)
Disposal of property, plant and equipment	507,000	748,938
Net cash outflow from investing activities	(886,564)	(1,455,739)
Net decrease in cash	(1,066,877)	(50,624,068)
Cash at beginning of the year	89,222,530	139,846,598
Cash at end of the year	88,155,653	89,222,530
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Represented by:		
Cash on hand and at banks	34,253,013	35,877,101
Investments	53,902,640	53,345,429
	88,155,653	89,222,530

The notes on pages 7 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. Incorporation and Principal Activities of the Company

The company was incorporated in the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago on November 27, 1979. The registered office is MTS Plaza, Aranguez Main Road, Aranguez, San Juan.

The company changed its name by Special Resolution from The Secondary Schools Maintenance Training and Security Company Limited to National Maintenance Training and Security Company Limited. Approval for the change was granted by the Registrar of Companies on December 29, 1989.

Its principal business activities are the provision of security, janitorial, agricultural services and project management.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and no account has been taken of the effects of inflation. The company's accounting policies conform with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (cont'd)

2. Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.2 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, allowance having been made for slow moving and obsolete items. Stocks are valued on an average cost basis.

Cost of inventories excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.3 Revenue and Expenditure

Revenue and expenditure are accounted for on an accruals basis. With respect to projects under management, the project management fees are recorded as revenue.

2.4 Investments

Investments are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and may be sold in response to the need for liquidity or changes in interest rates. These investments are carried at fair value with realised gains and losses being taken to the statement of comprehensive income.

2.5 Leases

For operating leases, lease payments are recognised as an expense on the straight line basis over the term of the lease.

2.6 Financial Assets

The company classifies its financial assets as loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than twelve (12) months after the statement of financial position date. These are classified as non-current assets. The Company's loans and receivables comprise 'trade receivables and prepayments' and 'cash and cash equivalents' in the statement of financial position.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (cont'd)

2. Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.7 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

2.8 Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand and the short term cash investments.

2.9 Foreign Currency Transactions

These financial statements are stated in Trinidad and Tobago dollars. Revenue transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the statement of financial position date. Profit and losses thus arising are dealt with in the statement of comprehensive income.

2.10 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at cost, being their issue cost net of transaction costs incurred. Subsequently, borrowings are stated at amortised cost and any difference between net proceeds and the redemption value is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (cont'd)

2. Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.11 Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation is calculated on the reducing balance basis utilizing rates sufficient to write-off the assets over their estimated lives as follows.

Furniture, fixtures and equipment	10%
Plant, machinery and equipment	33 1/3%
Vehicles	25%
Computer equipment	33 1/3%
Fire arms	33 1/3%
Building	2.5%

No depreciation has been provided on land.

2.12 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events of changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds it's recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units). Non financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (cont'd)

2. Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.13 Employee Benefits - Pension and Termination Benefit

The company operates a defined benefit pension plan, the assets of which are held in separate trustee-administered funds. The company also operates an unfunded termination lump sum benefit arrangement for unionized employees who are covered by an industrial agreement.

The company's pension and retirement benefit accounting costs are assessed under IAS 19 using the projected unit method, taking account of the recommendations of independent qualified actuaries.

2.14 Current and Deferred Taxes

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in equity.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. The principal temporary differences arise from depreciation on property, plant and equipment, and losses carried forward

Currently enacted tax rates are used to determine deferred income tax.

Deferred taxation relating to the carry forward of unused tax losses are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.15 Comparative Information

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (cont'd)

2. Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.16 Financial Risk Management

Financial Risk Factors

The company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. Risk management is carried out in line with policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and the investment of excess liquidity.

(a) Market Risk

The company monitors its exposure to fluctuations in foreign currencies. If it is determined that there is a need to hedge this exposure the appropriate instrument is used.

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents as well as credit exposures to customers. The company has a significant concentration of credit risk. However, the company has policies in place to ensure that services rendered are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. The credit quality of customers, their financial position, past experience and other factors are taken into consideration in assessing credit risk and are regularly monitored through the use of credit terms. Management does not expect any losses from non-performance from counterparties.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and short-term funds and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the company aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

(d) Cash Flow and Fair Value Interest Rate Risk

As the company has no significant interest-bearing assets, the company's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (cont'd)

2.17 Capital Risk Management

The company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the company's ability to continue as a going concern, in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure.

2.18 New Standards and Interpretations not yet adopted

The company has not applied the following standards, revised standards and interpretations which have been issued but are not yet effective as they either do not apply to the activities of the company or have no material impact on its financial statements.

- IFRS 2 Share-based Payment
- IFRS 8 Operating Segments
- IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
- IAS 28 Investments in Associates
- IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies
- IAS 32 Financial Instruments, Presentation
- IAS 39 Financial Instruments. Recognition and Measurement
- IAS 40 Investment Property
- IAS 41 Agriculture

3.	Amounts receivable / due from	the Government	of Trinidad & Toba 2014	go 2013
	Non Current Assets Amounts receivable from GORTT		167,763,366	197,209,356
	Current Assets Amounts receivable from GORTT		29,445,990	29,445,990
			197,209,356	226,655,346
	Non Current Liabilities Amounts due to Bond Holders		167,763,366	197,209,356
	Current Liabilities Amounts due to Bond Holders		29,445,990	29,445,990
			197,209,356	226,655,346
	Funded as follows:			
	 Citicorp Merchant Bank Unit Trust Corporation of T & T Unit Trust Corporation of T & T 	8,933,169 11,538,462 8,974,359 29,445,990	49,132,436 80,769,228 67,307,692 197,209,356	58,065,605 92,307,690 76,282,051 226,655,346

- \$174.1 million issued by Citicorp Merchant Bank Limited on the June 15, 2000 in favour of National Maintenance Training and Security Co. Ltd. (MTS) to be used for the construction of ten Secondary Schools under the first phase of The Secondary Education Modernisation Programme (SEMP Phase 1) and extends for twenty years. These 11.75% Bonds 2000-2020 are guaranteed by the Government of Trinidad & Tobago.
- 2. **\$225.0** million issued by Unit Trust Corporation of Trinidad & Tobago Limited as a first tranche on the 16th November 2001 in favour of National Maintenance Training and Security Co. Ltd. (MTS) to be used for the construction of twelve Secondary schools under the second phase of the Secondary Education Modernisation Programme (SEMP Phase 2) and extends for twenty years. This bond issued as Series 1 10.15% Fixed Rate Bonds 2001 2021 under a guarantee from The Government of Trinidad and Tobago.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (cont'd)

- 3. Amounts receivable / due from the Government of Trinidad & Tobago (cont'd)
 - 3. \$175.0 million issued by Unit Trust Corporation of Trinidad & Tobago Limited as the second tranche on the May 16, 2002 in favour of National Maintenance Training and Security Co. Ltd. (MTS) to be used for the construction of twelve Secondary Schools under the second phase of the Secondary Education Modernisation Programme (SEMP Phase 2) and extends for twenty years. This bond issued as Series 2 10.25% Fixed Rate Bonds 2002 2022 under a guarantee from The Government of Trinidad and Tobago.

4.	Pensions	2014	2013
	Non-Current Liability	5,828,000	6,314,000

The company's pension and retirement benefit accounting cost are assessed under International Accounting Standard #19 using the projected unit method by qualified independent actuaries.

MTS Pension Fund Plan

The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows:

Non-Current Liability	2014	2013
Defined benefit obligation Fair value of assets Net defined liability	45,488,000 (39,660,000) 5,828,000	44,693,000 (38,379,000) 6,314,000

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (cont'd)

4. Pensions (cont'd)

Movement in the Asset Recognised in the Statement of Financial Position

	2014	2013
Defined benefit asset as at January 1	6,314,000	(7,352,000)
Prior year adjustment	-	13,666,000
Experience gain	(804,000)	
Plus net pension cost	2,257,000	1,703,000
Less: Company contributions paid	(1,939,000)	(1,703,000)
Defined benefit liability/(asset) as at December 31	5,828,000	6,314,000

The amounts to be recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are as follows:

	2014	2013
Current service cost Interest on defined benefit obligation Amortised net loss Net pension cost	1,947,000 205,000 105,000 2,257,000	1,466,000 140,000 97,000 1,703,000
Actual Return on Plan Assets	0.902	3.845

			2014	2013
5.	Provision for Termination Lump Su	ım Benefit		
	Provision for termination lump sum b	enefit	151,540,000	144,288,000
	Company unfunded termination lump	sum benefit arrar	ngement	
			2014	2013
	Defined Benefit Obligation		151,540,000	144,288,000
	Movement in the Liability recognised	in the Statement	of Financial Position:	
			2014	2013
	Defined benefit asset as at January Adjustment to opening defined bene Plus termination benefit net cost Less: Company contributions paid Defined benefit asset as at Decemb	fit obligation	144,288,000 7,252,000 - 151,540,000	108,360,000 37,146,000 7,925,000 (9,143,000) 144,288,000
	The amounts recognised in the Stat	ement of Compreh	nensive Income are a	as follows:
			2014	2013
	Current service cost	(Note 17)	7,252,000	7,925,000
6.	Investments		2014	2013
	Unit Trust Corporation First Citizens Bank Limited		11,585,217 42,317,423 53,902,640	11,480,022 41,865,407 53,345,429

7.	Inventories	2014	2013
	Electronics security Raw materials and consumables Less: Provision for obsolescence	320,710 6,622,017 (380,540) 6,562,187	278,218 5,248,712 (380,540) 5,146,390
8.	Trade Debtors	2014	2013
	Trade debtors Provision for bad and doubtful debts	270,687,575 (34,412,134) 236,275,441	205,393,095 (29,956,566) 175,436,529
8a.	Sundry Receivable and Prepayments	2014	2013
	Prepayments Projects under management Other Taxation recoverable	2,269,780 407,313 92,423 6,539,611 9,309,127	3,140,039 1,105,561 104,434 6,539,611 10,889,645
9.	Cash In Hand and At Banks	2014	2013
	Petty Cash Floats	106,500	103,000
	First Citizens Bank Limited Republic Bank Limited Republic Bank Limited - SEMP Phase II Republic Bank Limited - Payroll Scotia Bank of T & T Limited Scotia Bank of T & T Limited - Fleet Card	62,571 22,404,511 8,046,604 45,132 3,102,053 485,642 34,146,513	62,571 24,676,347 8,047,083 46,347 2,708,120 233,633 35,774,101
	TOTAL	34,253,013	35,877,101
10.	Other Creditors and Accruals	2014	2013
	VAT payable Projects under management - net Accruals and other creditors	21,927,958 24,167,451 48,879,749 94,975,158	4,716,673 17,396,059 36,607,245 58,719,977

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (cont'd)

(3,108,578) (1,573,916) (3,377,471) 64,459,815 2,266,272 32,345,093 32,114,722 33,187,399 (1,662,534)33,131,060 31,059,785 65,632,609 2,359,883 2,204,677 64,459,815 1,393,564 64,190,845 32,345,093 Total 28,050,000 28,050,000 3,335,265 617,868 3,953,133 24,096,867 28,050,000 4,555,555 23,494,445 28,050,000 3,953,133 602,422 Building 1,950,000 1,950,000 1,950,000 1,950,000 1,950,000 1,950,000 ı 1 Land 98,489 72,556 31,500 1,456,359 21,070 1,357,870 25,933 1,456,359 1,357,870 1,383,803 1,424,859 1,336,800 1,456,359 Firearms (193, 218)(189,819) 3,723,008 3,521,946 1,182,631 197,520 4,905,639 59,362 912,722 390,881 4,905,639 3,723,008 4.052,279 4,901,337 4,965,001 329,271 Equipment Computer (2,863,921) (2,611,823)4,738,174 1,131,975 1,933,601 (1,662,534) 424,146 6,671,775 362,000 5,371,241 4,738,174 532,343 (1,573,916) 3,696,601 1,674,640 8,403,721 6,671,775 6,925,851 Vehicles (295,400)1,743,847 (307,342) 736,764 12,459,872 12,833,844 1,941,851 712,834 14,577,691 669,372 12,833,844 13,570,608 14,172,199 14,577,691 934,768 15,512,459 Equipment Plant & (4,979)(2,093)47,630 45,072 3,716,610 47,173 186,674 3,440,112 230,797 3,713,560 3,050 3,482,763 3,529,936 3,673,581 3,713,560 3,482,763 Office Equip & Machines (6,557)(7,897)95,305 878,490 85,776 2,167,553 34,384 85,977 2,342,278 3,056,912 3,134,791 2,256,301 3,169,175 826,897 Furniture and 2,256,301 3,134,791 Appliances 11. Property, Plant and Equipment Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Depreciation As at December 31, 2013 As at December 31, 2013 As at December 31, 2013 As at December 31, 2014 As at December 31, 2014 As at December 31, 2014 As at January 1, 2013 As at January 1, 2013 As at January 1, 2014 As at January 1, 2014 Disposals for the year Disposals for the year Disposals for the year Disposals for the year Additions for the year Additions for the year Cost/Revaluation Cost/Revaluation Net Book Value Net Book Value Charge for year Charge for year

The company had its property revalued professionally by Linden Scott and Associates Ltd. (See Note 13)

valuation was accounted for in the year ended December 31, 2012.

12.	Stated Capital Authorised Unlimited number of ordinary shares of \$1 each	2014	2013
	Issued 3,000,000 ordinary shares of \$1 each	3,000,000	3,000,000
13.	Revaluation Reserve		
The property comprising freehold lands and buildings were revalued in accordal IAS 16 by a professional firm of valuators, Linden Scott and Associates. The sarising from the revaluation was credited to the revaluation reserve account			

14.	Deferred Taxation		2014	2013
	a) Deferred Tax Asset			
	Brought forward Prior year adjustment Amount utilised during the year Balance carried forward	(Note 21)	8,964,789 - (1,747,096) 7,217,693	12,703,196 (3,738,408) 8,964,788
	b) Deferred Tax Liability			
	Balance brought forward Charge to Statement of Comprehens		987,489	798,933
	Income	(Note 21)	68,970	188,556
			1,056,459	987,489
15.	Related Parties		2014	2013
	Directors' compensation		562,500	549,000
	Key management compensation			
	Salaries and other short term benefits		2,953,800	3,125,000
	Post employment benefits		549,000	114,000
			3,502,800	3,239,000

16.	Income	2014	2013
16.	Security Janitorial/Maintenance Engineering Agri Business Technical Miscellaneous Total Income	254,015,537 162,140,378 4,443,137 8,721,630 23,635,783 578,005 453,534,470	225,946,649 152,713,049 2,985,009 8,624,783 21,588,982 1,315,613 413,174,085
17.	Salaries and Staff Expenses	2014	2013
	Fortnightly wages	338,663,247	296,167,932
	Monthly salaries	14,710,665	15,723,578
	Casual Labour	166,927	229,098
	Medical Expenses	1,080,909	1,222,287
	Employer's NIS Contribution	24,221,953	22,719,803
	Employer's Contribution Health Plan	789,167	476,580
	Group Life	97,688	75,754
	Pension Plan	1,448,061	1,703,000
	Staff Welfare	573,215	729,527
	Termination benefits	7,252,000	7,925,000
	Dental and vision	302,090	110,837
	Interest Subsidy - Employees' Loans	47,034	36,516
	Total Salaries and Staff Expenses	389,352,956	347,119,912

18.	Operating Expenses	2014	2013
	Air troval	57,972	161,550
	Air travel	(267,922)	54,423
	Accommodation	4,455,568	-
	Bad and doubtful debts Data Presencing Other Expenses	132,763	192,768
	Data Processing - Other Expenses Consumable tools	150,606	121,919
	Insurances	2,144,637	2,515,503
	Legal and professional	1,474,661	1,181,982
	Library costs	37,688	30,768
	Vehicle parking	11,183	20,218
	Tenders	38,984	24,082
	Other	732,982	711,891
	FUEC/Gun lodging/Precept/Licence	133,240	140,337
	Canine security	3,355,835	2,424,660
	Other security services	8,040	44,820
	Operating expenses - vehicles	1,006,305	938,366
	Photocopying	111	934
	Photography	11,452	9,435
	Postage	2,571	2,864
	Public relations	3,554,864	4,967,613
	Rents	6,748,169	5,773,531
	Telephone and telexes	933,368	1,009,840
	Training	1,889,936	1,130,705
	Transportation	97,688	32,950
	Electricity	1,096,559	952,870
	Water rates	60,075	66,043
	Land and building expenses	_	(57,050)
	Total Operating Expenses	27,867,335	22,453,022

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (cont'd)

19.	Supplies and Materials		2014	2013
	Supplies Repairs and maintenance Consumables Other		12,626,544 11,172,442 5,213,895 333,054 29,345,935	9,887,549 12,323,556 6,668,581 292,397 29,172,083
20.	Finance Charges		2014	2013
	Bank charges Fees on Bonds Total Finance / Interest Charges		339,192 35,000 374,192	286,575 10,000 296,575
21.	Taxation		2014	2013
	Corporation Tax Deferred tax asset Business Levy and Green Fund Tax Liability Charge	(Note 14)	1,747,096 (1,747,096) 1,366,420 68,970 1,435,390	3,738,408 (3,738,408) 1,245,339 188,556 1,433,895
	TOTAL		1,435,390	1,433,895
	Profit before taxation		6,020,795	13,736,007
	Tax calculated at 25% Expenses not deductible for tax Income/allowances subject to tax Tax loss utilised Business and Green Fund Levy Deferred tax adjustment		1,505,199 678,735 (436,837) 1,747,097 (3,738,408) - 1,366,420 68,970	3,434,002 808,892 (504,486) 3,738,408 (3,738,408) - 1,245,339 188,556
	Dolollog tax adjustment		1,435,390	1,433,895

The company has taxation losses available for set-off against future profits amounting to approximately \$28,870,772. These losses have not yet been agreed to by the Board of Inland Revenue.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (cont'd)

22. Subsequent Events

The company is in the process of wage negotiation with the various unions which represent the employees which covers years 2011 to 2014. These negotiations are guided by instructions from The Chief Personnel Officer. No increased rates have been proposed by the company to date as they are awaiting instructions. Since the current negotiations are not yet finalised the quantum of the increase, if any, cannot be determined. However, it is expected that the Government will fund any back pay which may arise on the completion of the wage negotiations.

	5-Ex		
	Litigation Matters	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000
	Performance Bonds	\$ 1,038,143	\$ 126,305
23.	Contingent Liabilities	2014	2013

The Company has a number of small legal claims pending against it. The directors are of the opinion that the company will be successful in defending most of the matters. There is a provision of \$1,700,000 in the accounts nonetheless.